

Consumer Rights Acknowledgement Form

HOMEOWNER: Keep This Part And The Pamphlet

I, the homeowner, have received from the contractor a copy of the pamphlet titled “Home Repair: Know Your Consumer Rights.”

Signature (Homeowner)

Date

Signature (Contractor or Representative)

Date

Name of Contractor’s Business

Address of Contractor’s Business



Consumer Rights Acknowledgement Form

CONTRACTOR: Keep This Part Only

I, the contractor, have given the homeowner a copy of the pamphlet titled “Home Repair: Know Your Consumer Rights.”

Signature (Homeowner)

Date

Signature (Contractor or Representative)

Date

Name of Contractor’s Business

Address of Contractor’s Business

AVOIDING HOME REPAIR FRAUD

Please use extreme caution when confronted with the following warning signs of a potential scam:

1. Door-to-door salespeople with no local connections who offer to do home repair work for substantially less than the market price.
2. Solicitations for repair work from a company that lists only a telephone number or a post office box number to contact, particularly if it is an out-of-state company.
3. Contractors who fail to provide references when requested.
4. People who offer to inspect your home for free. Do not admit anyone into your home unless he or she can present authentic identification establishing his or her business status. When in doubt, do not hesitate to call the worker’s employer to verify his or her identity.
5. Contractors who demand cash payment for a job or ask you to make a check payable to a person other than the owner or company name.
6. Offers from a contractor to drive you to the bank to withdraw funds to pay for the work.

BASIC TERMS TO BE INCLUDED IN A CONTRACT

- Contractor’s full name, address and telephone number. Illinois law requires that those selling home repair and improvement services provide their customers with notice of any change to their business name or address that comes about prior to the agreed dates for beginning or completing the work.
- Description of the work to be performed.

- Starting and estimated completion dates.
- Total cost of work to be performed.
- Schedule and method of payment, including down payment, subsequent payments and final payment.
- Provision stating the grounds for termination of the contract by either party. However, the homeowner must pay the contractor for work completed. If the contractor fails to commence or complete work within the contracted time period, the homeowner may cancel and may be entitled to a refund of any down payment or other payments made towards the work upon written demand by certified mail.
- Illinois law also requires contractors who offer roofing work to include their Illinois state roofing license name and number on contracts and bids.
- Provision stating the grounds for termination of the contract if you are notified by your insurer that all or any part of the claim or contract is not a covered loss under the insurance policy, you may cancel the contract by mailing or delivering written notice to (name of contractor) at (address of contractor’s place of business) at any time prior to the earlier of midnight on the fifth business day after you have received such notice from your insurer or the thirtieth business day after receipt of a properly executed proof of loss by the insurer from the insured.

If you cancel, any payments made by you under the contract will be returned to you within 10 business days following receipt by the contractor of your cancellation notice. If, however, the contractor has provided any goods or services re-

lated to a catastrophe, acknowledged and agreed to by the insured homeowner in writing to be necessary to prevent damage to the premises, the contractor is entitled to the reasonable value of such goods and services.

To file a complaint against a roofing contractor, contact the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation at 312-814-6910 or file a complaint directly on its website. **Keep a copy of the signed contract in a safe place for reference as needed.**

CONTRACT TIPS

1. Get all estimates in writing.
2. Do not be induced into signing a contract by high-pressure sales tactics.
3. Never sign a contract with blank spaces or one you do not fully understand. If you are taking out a loan to finance the work, do not sign the contract before your lender approves the loan.
4. You have three business days from the time you sign your contract to cancel any contract if the sale is made at your home. The contractor cannot deprive you of this right by initiating work, selling your contract to a lender or any other tactic.

If you are planning to file a claim with your insurance company to pay for the work, you may cancel the contract in one of two ways, whichever occurs first: (1) within five business days after receiving written notice from the insurance company denying your claim; or (2) within 30 days after you sent a claim to the insurance company.

5. If the contractor does business under a name other than the contractor's real name, the business must either be incorporated or registered under the Assumed Business Name Act. Check with the Secretary of State to see if the business

is incorporated or with the county clerk to see if the business has registered under the Act.

6. Homeowners should check with local and county units of government to determine if permits or inspections are required.
7. Determine whether the contractor will guarantee his or her work and products.
8. Determine whether the contractor has the proper insurance.
9. Do not sign a certificate of completion or make final payment until the work is done to your satisfaction.
10. Before you pay your contractor, understand that the Mechanics Lien Act requires that you shall request and the contractor shall give you a signed and notarized written statement (known as a "Sworn Statement") that lists all the persons or companies your contractor hired to work on your home, their addresses along with the amounts about to be paid, and the total amount owed after the payment to those persons or companies.

Suppliers and subcontractors have a right to file a lien against your home if they do not get paid for their labor or materials. To protect yourself against liens, you should demand that your contractor provide you with a Sworn Statement before you pay the contractor.

You should also obtain lien waivers from all contractors and subcontractors if appropriate. You should consult with an attorney to learn more about your rights and obligations under the Mechanics Lien Act.*

*Disclaimer: The contents of this paragraph are required to be placed in the pamphlet for consumer guidance and information only. The contents of this paragraph are not substantive enforceable provisions of the Home Repair and Remodeling Act and are not intended to affect the substantive law of the Mechanics Lien Act.



KWAME RAOUL
ILLINOIS ATTORNEY GENERAL

If you think you have been defrauded by a contractor or have any questions, please bring your concerns to the attention of your state's attorney or the Illinois Attorney General's Office.

Illinois Attorney General's Consumer Fraud Hotlines

Springfield

1-800-243-0618
TTY: 1-877-844-5461

Chicago

1-800-386-5438
TTY: 1-800-964-3013

Carbondale

1-800-243-0607
TTY: 1-877-675-9339



(217) 698-4941

www.IllinoisAttorneyGeneral.gov

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HOME REPAIR

Know Your Consumer Rights

